| Element of cost | Wheat | Rice |
|---|---|---|
| Carry over chages paid to other agencies involved in procurement | 24.53 | -- |
| Distribution cost | 103.19 | 109.14 |
| Economic cost | 563.57 | 746.72 |

Issue prices under PDS w.e.f. 1.2.94 is Rs.402 per qtl. for wheat, Rs.537/- per qtl. of common rice, Rs.617/- per qtl. of fine rice and Rs.648^- per qtl. of superfine rice. It may be observed that the issue price does not cover the entire amount of the cost of grain plus expenses incurred by the Corporation in procuring the same. The Government has therefore to reimburse the entire distribution cost, buffer carrying cost of grains and differential in the procurement incidentals not realised through the issue prices to the FCI. For RPDS areas, the issue prices are further reduced by Rs.StK per qtl. than the PDS prices.

3. It would thus be seen that the consumers benefit on account of issue prices fixed by the Government.

4. although the expenses of FCI are not on the high sign still the steps taken by the Corporation to reduce expenditure on subsidy in the overall interest of efficiency & economy are as under:—

(i) The Corporation has set the target of achieving average capacity utilisation of 75% even though the procurement of grain is seasonal.

(ii) The procurement and movement ratio is being adhered to the norm of 1:1.35 as fixed by Govenment of India to reduce the expenditure in freight.

(iii) Results entry level posts are not filled up except in exceptional circumstances, to reduce the administrative cost and increasse producitivity.

(iv) Continuous efforts are being taken to reduce shortages in handling of foodgrains.

(v) Release of stocks in the open market at prices above the CLP.

**Refixation of Levy Sugar Price**

1116. SHRI SHIVAJIRAO GIRIDHAR PATIL: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) the number of claims received by Government on account of refixation on the ex-factory price of levy sugar for 1974-75 to 1979-80;

(b) the names of factories whose claims on account of refixation on ex-factory price of levy sugar for 1974-75 to 1979-80 seasons have been finalised and payment made; and

(c) the steps being taken to expedite payments against these claims?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) 176 claims have been received by Government on account of re-fixation of the ex-factory prices of levy sugar for 1974-75 (w.e.f.) 12.7.75) to 1979-80 sugar seasons.

(b) Authorisation for payments have been issued by the Ministry of Food to the Food Corproation of India in the case of 19 sugar factories. Payments, have been made by FCI to 16 sugar factories. A list of these factories is given in the Statement. *(See below).* Payments in respect of the remaining 3 mills are expected to be made by Food Corporation of India shortly.

(c) In the months of March and April, 1995, in a series of meetings with Indian sugar Mills Association and National Federation of Cooperative Sugar Factories, the claim forms were finalised, considering the factual information possibly available with sugar factories to

submit a proper claim regarding the arrears pertaining to almost 20 years ago and a finalised proforma of 4 statements was circulated to all eligible sugar factories. Even then, till the due date of 31st July, 1995 of filing claims, only 6 factories could submit their claims. The date was further extended to 31st August 1995. Even then a majority of the factories could not submit their claims on account of lack of information. A scries of meetings were organised with individual factories along with representatives of Indian sugar Mills Association/National Federation of Cooperative Sugar Factories so that the factories are in a position to submit their claims correctly. Even then till date out of 301 affected sugar factocorrectly. Even then till date out of 301 affected sugar factories ony 176 have submitted their claims. A majority of claims have been found to be deficient in contents as well as in presentation. The claimants have been advised to revise the claim documents for correcting the errors and rectifying decifiencies therein and to complete the requirements including proper certification by the authorities concerned. With a view to expedite payments against these claims it has been decided to make payments by the Ministry of Food, instead of through Food Corporation of India.

**Statement**

*List of Sugar Factories Reffered to in the Reply to Part(b) of Rajya Sabha Unstarred No. 1116 due for answer on 11.3.96*

| SI. No. | Name of Sugar factory |
|---|---|
| 1. | The K.C.P. Ltd., Vuyyuru, Andhra Pradesh. |
| 2. | The Jeypore Sugar Company Ltd., (formerly VVS Sugars) Chagallu, Andhra Pradesh. |
| 3. | Shetakari Sahakari Sakhar karkhana Ltd., Killari, Maharashtra. |
| 4. | The Gwalior Sugar Co. Ltd., Dabra, Maharashtra., |
| 5. | Saraswati Industrial Syndicate Ltd., Unit: The Saraswati Sugar Mills, Yamunanagar, Haryana. |
| 6. | Aruna Sugars & Enteprises Ltd., Pannadam, Distt. South Arcot, Tamil Nadu. |
| 7. | The Rahuri Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Shri Shivajinagar, Rahuri Taluka, Distt. Ahmednagar, Maharashtra. |
| 8. | Mahalakshmi Sugars Mills Co. Ltd., Iqbalpur, Distt. Hardwar, U.P. |
| 9. | The Andhra Sugar Ltd.,' Vcnkatarayapuram, Tanuku, Andhra Pradesh. |
| 10. | The Nizam Sugars Ltd., Shakarnagar, Distt. Nizamabad, A.P. |
| 11. | The Kopargaon Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Gautamnagar, Taluka Kopcrgaon, Distt. Ahmedanagar, Maharashtra. |
| 12. | Sri Sarvaraya Sugar Ltd., Chclhiru, East Godavari, Distt. Andhra Pradesh. |
| 13. | The BSI Ltd., Sehorc, Madhya Pradesh |
| 14. | The Nizam Sugars Ltd., Amruthnagar, Miryalaguda, Nalgonda Distt., Andhra Pradesh. |
| 15. | The Nizam Sugars Ltd., Sudhanagar Sugars, Hindupur, Distt. Ananthpur, Andhra Pradesh. |
| 16. | The jj Nizam Sugars Ltd., Madhunagar, Zaheerabad Medak Distt., Andhra Pradesh. |

Payments in respect of the following factories are expected to be made by FCI shortlv;

1. Vasant Dada Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Sangli, Maharshtra.

2. Bclapur Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Ltd., Bclapur, Maharashtra.
3. Shrcc Dutta Shirol Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana Distt. Kolhapur, Maharshtra.

**कल्याण योजना के प्रभाव का मूल्यांकन**

1117. **श्री सोमपाल :** क्या योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार विभिन्न विभागों द्वारा क्रियान्वित की जा रही कल्याण योजनाओं के प्रभाव के संबंध में नियमित मूल्यांकन कराती रहती है,

(ख) यदि हां, तो उन विभागों अथवा एजेंसियों के नाम क्या है, जो इस प्रकार के मूल्ययांकन अध्ययन कराती है,

(ग) उन्हें सौंपें गये इस प्रकार के अध्ययन कार्यों में प्रशासनिक संस्थाओं और संगठनों की क्या भूमिका है,

(घ) या इस तरह के अध्ययन कार्यों के लिए कुछ बजट संबधी प्रावधान भी किये जाते हैं,

(ड.) यदि हां, तो इस संबध में पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान कितनी धनराशि उपलब्ध करायी गयी है,

(च) क्या इस प्रयोजनार्थ निर्धारित धनराशियों का एक बड़ा भाग अप्रयुक्त पड़ा है, और

(छ) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरे सहित कारण क्या है ?

**योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री बलराम सिंह यादव)**: (क) से (ग) जी हां । योजना आयोग के कार्यक्रम मूल्यांकन संगठन (पी ई ओ) को विभिन्न मंत्रालयों/विभागों द्वारा कार्यान्वित की जा रही कल्याण स्कीमों के प्रभाव के मूल्यांकन पर अध्ययन शुय करने के अनुरोध प्राप्त होते हैं ।

पिछले 5 वर्षों के दौरान पी ई ओ ने इस प्रकार के 13 मूल्यांकन अध्ययन किए थे । स्कीमों और विभागों/मंत्रालयों के नाम जिनके संबंध में पी ई ओ द्वारा ये मूल्यांकन अध्ययन किए गए थे, विवरण में दिए गए हैं । (नीचे देखिए)

किसी भी मुल्यांकन अध्ययन के दौरान संबंधित मंत्रालय/विभाग स्कीम के संबंध में पृष्ठभूमि सामग्री मुहैया करा कर, पी ई ओ के साथ अपने ज्ञान और अनुभव बांटकर और पी ई ओ द्वारा कार्यान्वयन एजेंसियों से मांगी गई आवश्यक सूचना/आंकड़े मुहैया कराने के लिए राज्य और प्रारंभिक स्तर के संगठनों को अनुदेश देकर पी ई ओ को सहायता प्रदान करती है । बहरहाल, मंत्रालय/विभाग स्कीम के लाभ प्राप्त कर्त्ताओं से प्राथमिक सूचना एकत्र करने में शामिल नहीं होते हैं । यह पी ई ओ द्वारा किया जाता है ।

(घ) और (ड.) जी , हां । योजना आयोग पी ई ओ द्वारा किए जाने वाले अध्ययनों के लिए एक अलग बजटीय प्रावधान करता है । पिछले 3 वर्षों के दौरान पी ई ओ के लिए बजटीय आवंटन निम्नलिखित है :-

| वर्ष | आवंटन (लाख रूपये ) |
|---|---|
| 1994-95 | 144.00 (संशोधित अनुमान) |
| 1995-96 | 144.00 (बजट अनुमान) |

(च) जी, नहीं । पी ई ओ द्वारा किए जाने वाले मूल्यांकन अध्ययनों के लिए योजना आयोग द्वारा आंबटित निधियों को पूर्णत: उपयोग कर लिया जाता है ।

(छ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

**विवरण**

**पिछले 5 वर्षों के दौरान पी ई ओ द्वारा पूरी की गई/शुरू की गई कल्याण स्कीमों पर मूल्यांकन रिपोर्टों की सूची**

| क्रं.सं. | अध्ययन का नाम | संबंधित मंत्रालय/ विभाग |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | राष्ट्रीय खेल कोचिंग स्कीम- राजस्थान और उत्तर प्रदेश –सितम्बर, 1990 | खेल और युवा कार्य विभाग |
| 2. | नेहरू युवा केन्द्र स्कीम- एक तुरंत अध्ययन 1991 (एन वाई के एस) | -वही- |
| 3. | ग्रामीण कार्यात्मक साक्षरता कार्यक्रम (आर एफ एल पी) (1985-86) | शिक्षा विभाग |
| 4. | जवाहर रोजगार योजना ग्रामीण (जे आर वाई ) एक तुंरत विभाग अध्ययन (1991-92) - 1992 (जे आर वाई) | विकास |
| 5. | इंदिरा आवास योजना (आई ए वाई) – एक तुरंत अध्ययन (1992-93) | -वही- |